

# Gaertner or salmonella enteriditis

## Bacillus gaertner (Bach)

*(nosode of bach)*

Stock

Salmonella Enteriditis or Bacillus Gaertner belongs to the family of Enterobacteriaceae and of the Salmonella group.

Salmonella Enteriditis is a Serotype of Salmonella, frequently found in animals which often causes food intoxication in men. Its antigenic formula is: 1, 9, 12: gm and its biochemic characteristics are like those of most of the Salmonella. (The antigen H possesses only a phase designated gm. The antigen O is very near to that of S. typhi).

### Clinical pathogenesis

#### Generalities

The persons are lean, pale and hypersensitive.

Great deficiency of connective tissues.

Malnutrition.

Suits to punny, hypersensitive children.

They are often blonde subjects with red spots.

Blue eyes.

Hypothrepsia.

#### Neuro-endocrino-psychic system

(a) Psychic:

Intelligent persons, nervous, with restlessness of hand and feet.

They become restless when alone, or when crossing the street.

Excitable, irritable and depressed.

Chews his nails.

(b) Nervous:

Sleeps for a long time.

Wants light while sleeping.

Need for company. Cannot sleep alone.

Restless sleep, nocturnal fear.

#### Digestive apparatus

(a) Mouth, tongue, pharynx:

Peri-labial herpes.

Dry eruption, desquamation of the lips.

Black teeth.

Salivation.

Fissured tongue.

(b) Stomach, intestines, abdomen:

Cannot digest fat foods.

Aversion to bread, butter, meat and fish.

Desire for oat soup, cheese, eggs, milk, pudding, sugar and sweets.

Vomits everything after taking sweets.

Stomach dilated with acidity.

Acetonemia in children: Headache and vomiting.

Constipation.

Foetid diarrhoea, every 15 days.

Stools with mucus, bloody.

Anal pruritis.

### **Respiratory apparatus**

Sensation of coldness in the chest.

Night cough.

### **Sense organs**

Nose: Catarrh, polyps.

Eyes: White sclerotic eyes. Styes.

### **Uro-genital apparatus**

(a) Urinary:

Burning of the urethra.

Presence of blood and mucus in the urine.

(b) Genital:

Female

Profuse, foetid leucorrhoea. Pruritus of the vulva.

Male: Hydrocele.

### **Locomotor system**

Great pains of the hips and back.

Upper extremities.

Fibrosity of shoulders, rheumatism of shoulders, worse at night.

Rheumatism of hands.

Lower extremities.

Rheumatic pain of feet.

Depression of the vaults of the soles.

### **Skin, phanera**

Chapped hands in winter.

Chews the nails.

Pruriginous vesicles of the feet worse at night.

Round patches of urticaria.

Furuncles on arms and legs.

Circinatus sternal eruption.

Abundant sweats at night.

### **Modalities**

Aggravation

Nervous, while crossing a street, at night, in winter.

Amelioration

While someone is near.

### **Posology**

Dynamisations: 12 c, 30 c, 10 m, 50 m, c. m.

### **Positive diagnosis**

Deficiency of the mesenchymatous tissues.

Malnutrition.

Nervous, restless hands and feet.

Chews nails.

Nocturnal fear in children.

Cannot digest fat.

Pains of hips, back, upper and lower extremities.

Urticaria and vesicular eruptions, specially of hands and feet.

**Differential diagnosis**

The English authors say that Phosphorus, Silicea, Mercurius vivus are related to it.

One should also think of Tuberculinum and Luesinum.

Among the modern homoeopathic remedies Chlorpromazine and Levomepromazine (See Matière médicale d'homoeopathie by O.A. Julian and Collab).

**Clinical diagnosis**

Pre-cancer state (Canceriques of Léon Vannier).

Hypothrepsy in children.

Nocturnal fear.

Fibrous rheumatism of Jacoud.

Furunculosis.

Onyxophagia.

Coeliac diseases.

Chronic gastro-enteritis.

Onyxurosis.

Chronic pancreatic diseases.

**Reference:**

This Medicine is taken from JULIAN O. A., Materia Medica of New Homeopathic Remedies (j11)

Compiled by; Sohaib.mehsori@gmail.com